



ST MARGARET'S PREP  
CALNE

**Curriculum Map 2020/21**

## Kindergarten

### Prime Areas

<b>Personal, Social and Emotional Development</b>	Making relationships	Children learn to play in a group. Children will initiate play and respond to what others are saying or doing. Children are encouraged to demonstrate friendly behaviour, initiate conversations and form good relationships with peers and familiar adults.
	Self-confidence and self-awareness	Children will be taught and encouraged to select and use resources and activities independently in the classroom. They will be encouraged to ask adults for help and to respond to praise positively. They will begin to understand motivational systems in the classrooms and the school (house stars, stickers, smiley faces). Children will be given the responsibility of carrying out small tasks independently. Children will be introduced to a range of social situations and will be expected to develop confidence when engaging with new or less familiar people. Children will be expected to take part in activities like Show and Tell and contribute to the 'Wow' board where they will communicate freely about home and community.
	Managing feelings and behaviour	Children will be shown through stories, role play, discussion and experience in a range of daily situations as appropriate, that some actions and words can hurt others' feelings. Children will also be taught to be aware of their own feelings. Through practical activities and games across all areas of learning children will take turns and share resources, and will learn that wishes may not always be met. Children experience a wide range of events and experiences through the school year (e.g. Mufti days) and will learn how to adapt their behaviour and accept change in routine.
<b>Communication and Language</b>	Listening and attention	Activities will be organized to enable children to listen to others one-to-one or in a small group when conversation interests them. Stories and rhyme will form focal parts of the Kindergarten routine. We will encourage the children to listen with increasing attention and to recall a story. They will be encouraged to join in with repeated refrains in a familiar story and to anticipate key events and phrases. Children will learn to follow directions and instructions as appropriate and to focus their attention.
	Understanding	Children will be shown how objects work and their purpose and should demonstrate their knowledge of this in daily tasks. They will be taught prepositions and will be given opportunities to use them in practical activities. Simple instructions will be given and children should be able to respond appropriately. They will be given the opportunity to understand 'why' and 'how' questions.
	Speaking	Adults will model using complex sentences to link thoughts (e.g. and, because) and children will be encouraged to replicate this in their speech. Children will be encouraged to retell a simple past event in order. They should use speech to connect ideas and explain what is happening and anticipate what might happen next. They will be given opportunities to recall and relive past experiences in the role play area, during Show and Tell, and in small world play. Children will be taught to question why things happen and to give explanation. They should ask who, what, why, when and how. Children should use a range of tenses and intonation, rhythm and phrasing to make the meaning of their dialogue clear to others. They will use vocabulary focused on objects and people that are of particular importance to them. In their play they should be able to pretend that objects stand for something else.

<b>Physical Development</b>	Moving and handling	In class, out at play and during physical activity sessions children will be taught to move in a variety of ways. Additionally, they will draw lines and circles using gross motor movements and will be encouraged to hold a pencil between their thumb and two fingers, using good control. They will also learn to use tools and equipment with one hand as appropriate.		
	Health and self-care	Children will be encouraged to help themselves to snack and water in the classroom. They will be encouraged to be independent in toileting (support and help will be given where appropriate and we will work in partnership with parents to ensure that children grow in confidence in this area). Children are shown how to dress and undress independently and do up their coats before going outside.		
	PE	Autumn	Developing actions through striking activities, incorporating actions and techniques from football and hockey. Circle games. Developing an awareness of their bodies and spatial awareness. Dance – To encourage the children to express themselves through movement, both structured and creative.	
		Spring	Developing simple linked actions, co-operating with a partner, bouncing a ball, passing a ball, good footwork, developing body control, ball skills and partner work. Linking the skills into rugby and netball type games. Gymnastics – The children will develop an understanding of what gymnastics is and the safety rules required. To learn to have control of the body maintaining good posture and core strength.	
		Summer	Striking and fielding games using the basic principles of cricket and rounders. Athletics – To encourage competition. Developing running styles over a range of distances. Tackling obstacles and learning to handle with control differing types of equipment.	
	Swimming	Autumn	Stroke development, water confidence, pool safety.	
		Spring	Underwater swimming, floating, jumping, stroke development.	
		Summer	Stroke development, distance swims.	

## Specific Areas

<b>Literacy</b>	Reading	Every day children will take part in adult led activities that teach rhyme, rhythm and alliteration. A wide range of stories and poems will be shared regularly both 1:1 and in a small group. They will learn to describe the main story setting, events and principal characters. They will be encouraged to show an interest in illustrations and print in books and the environment. The book corner is set up to ensure that the children can access books independently and children will be shown how to handle and use a book appropriately, knowing that information can be relayed in print, that print conveys meaning and that English is read from left to right & top to bottom.
	Writing	Children always have access to mark making in many forms including chalk, whiteboards, paints, pens, pencils and paintbrushes. They will begin to give meaning to the marks they make and to ascribe meaning to marks that they see in different places.
	Phonics	Throughout the Kindergarten year, children will take part in a daily phonics session following the Letters and Sounds programme. Children will develop their listening skills to lead into blending and segmenting words, and to support their development towards reading readiness.
<b>Mathematics</b>	Numbers	Through play children will be encouraged to use number names and number language spontaneously and should use some number names accurately. They will be shown that anything can be counted such as steps, claps, jumps and objects. Children will be taught to recite numbers to 10 in order. They will learn that numbers identify how many objects are in a set. They will be shown how to represent numbers using fingers, marks on paper or pictures. They will explore activities which involve matching numeral and quantity correctly and will be encouraged to show curiosity and share information about numbers. They will need to compare two groups of objects, saying when they have the same number. They will take part in number solving problems in day to day activities. The children will sort objects up to four different ways and will begin to recognize that the total is still the same.
	Shape, Space and Measure	Children will be encouraged to explore Shape in all its forms in play and in the Kindergarten environment. They should make arrangements with objects and begin to show an awareness of similarities of shapes. They will be encouraged to talk about shapes in the environment and to use shapes appropriately for tasks. They will be introduced to positional language.
<b>Understanding the World</b>	People and communities	Children should show an interest in the lives of people that are familiar to them, remembering and talking about significant events in their own experience. They will take part in and celebrate special times and events at home and at school, and will be supported to share these experiences with the class. They will be encouraged to show an interest in different occupations and ways of life through role play which is changed fortnightly, often following the children's interests. The children will begin to recognize some of the things that make them unique and talk about the similarities and differences in relation to their friends and family.
	The World	Children will start to comment and ask questions about their familiar world such as the place where they live or the natural world. They will talk about some of the natural things they observe, and develop an understanding of growth, decay and change over time. They will learn to show care and concern for living things and the environment. They will take part in cooking activities and have free and structured access to small world play.

	MFL – French	Autumn	<p>Introduction to France and French</p> <p>Counting up to 10</p> <p>Meeting and greeting people, courtesies</p> <p>Ask someone how he/she is feeling</p> <p>Say you are well/unwell</p> <p>Asking for someone’s name and introducing oneself</p> <p>Simple classroom instructions</p> <p>Some animals</p> <p>Some vocabulary linked to the house</p> <p>2 action verbs (I close/ I open)</p> <p>Some family members</p> <p>New language for songs and finger rhymes</p> <p>Christmas</p>
		Spring	<p>Counting up to 10</p> <p>Continue to practise classroom instructions</p> <p>Talk about French food; use simple words for food</p> <p>Express some simple opinions</p> <p>Learn some key words about the life cycle of a butterfly</p> <p>Colours</p> <p>Actions verbs</p> <p>Say what actions I can do</p> <p>Understand and use Happy New Year</p> <p>La galette des rois</p> <p>The French flag</p> <p>Story: <u>La chenille qui fait des trous</u> (The Very Hungry Caterpillar)</p> <p>New language for songs and nursery rhymes</p> <p>Key words for Mother’s Day and Easter</p>
		Summer	<p>Counting up to 10 (extension: numbers to 15)</p> <p>Continue to practise classroom instructions</p> <p>Ask what things are and respond</p> <p>Ask where things are and give a simple answer using ‘here (is)’</p> <p>Reinforce colours</p> <p>Parts of the face</p> <p>Some vocabulary for fruits</p> <p>Some vocabulary for mini beasts</p> <p>Days of the week</p> <p>Some sports</p> <p>Story: Toutes les couleurs</p> <p>New language for songs and nursery rhymes</p>
		Technology	<p>Children will be taught to use simple equipment. They will explore with technological toys with knobs and pulleys or real objects such as cameras. They will explore how toys work by pressing parts or lifting flaps to achieve effects such as sounds, movements or new images. They will explore simple programs to improve mouse control and will explore age appropriate software across all areas of the curriculum. They will learn that information can be retrieved from computers.</p>
<b>Expressive Arts and Design</b>	Exploring and Using Media and Materials		<p>Through a range of activities children will be encouraged to move rhythmically and to initiate movement in response to music. Through subject specialist sessions and in class children will learn to join in with favourite songs and rhymes; show an interest in the way instruments sound; respond to sound with body movements; learn to sing to themselves and make up simple songs; explore and learn how sounds can be changed; tap out and invent simple rhythms and develop dance and ring games. The children will learn about colour and how colour can be changed.</p>

		<p>They will be taught that they can use lines to enclose a space and then begin to use these shapes to enclose objects. They will begin to be interested in and describe the texture of things. Construction will be available to children at all times inside and outside. They will be shown and encouraged to explore how to join construction pieces together to build and balance, to stack blocks vertically and horizontally, and to make enclosures and create spaces. In addition children will be shown how to use tools for a purpose.</p>	
	Being Imaginative	<p>Children will be encouraged to develop a preference for forms of expression. They will capture experiences and responses with a range of media such as music, dance, paint, and other materials. Adults act as role models encouraging the children to imitate what is observed and then do this spontaneously when the adult is not there – this will be particularly relevant in the role play area. Through devising their own role play areas they will engage in imaginative role play often based on their first hand experiences. In addition, using small world play, story sacks, the role play area and other resources in the classroom; children will create stories using props to support play.</p>	
	Music	Autumn	<p>Learning the routines of the Music Room, singing familiar and new songs and chants, exploring a range of instruments, responding to music through creative movement, developing rudimentary performance skills, following simple directions, taking turns, controlling sounds using IT.</p>
		Spring & Summer	<p>Joining in with favourite songs and rhymes; showing an interest in the way instruments sound; responding to sound with body movements; learning to sing to themselves and make up simple songs; exploring and learning how sounds can be changed; tapping out and inventing simple rhythms and developing dance and ring games.</p>

## Reception

The Reception classes follow a theme each term through which the whole curriculum is linked. The themes are; All about me, Favourite Stories and Our World.

### Prime Areas

<b>Personal, Social and Emotional Development</b>	Making Relationships	Children are encouraged to play co-operatively and to take turns with others. They will discover how to take account of one another's ideas when organising their activity. They will be encouraged to show sensitivity to the needs and feelings of others and form positive relationships with adults and other children.
	Self-Confidence and self-awareness	Children are encouraged to try new activities with confidence and to say why they like some activities more than others. They will be given opportunities to speak in a familiar group, to talk about their ideas and to select the resources they need for chosen activities. They will be encouraged to say when they need help.
	Managing feelings and behaviour	Children will engage in different activities and opportunities where they can talk about how they and others show feelings. They will be encouraged to talk about their own and others' behaviour and its consequences, and know that some behaviour is unacceptable. They will learn how to work as part of a group or class, and through positive behaviour management will understand and follow the class and school rules. With support, they will learn how to adjust their behaviour to different situations and how to take changes of routine in their stride.
<b>Communication and Language</b>	Listening and attention	Children will learn how to listen attentively in a range of situations. They will listen to stories and accurately anticipate key events. They will be taught how to respond to what they hear with a range of relevant comments, questions or actions. They will be shown how to listen to what others say and will be shown how to respond appropriately.
	Understanding	Children will be given instructions involving several ideas or actions and will be encouraged to follow them in a range of day to day situations. There will be opportunities provided which enable children to answer 'how' and 'why' questions about their experiences in response to stories and events.
	Speaking	Children will be taught to express themselves effectively, showing an awareness of the listeners' needs. They will use past, present and future forms accurately when talking about events that have happened or are about to happen in the future. They will be taught how to develop their own narratives and explanations by connecting ideas or events.
<b>Physical Development</b>	Moving and handling	Children will learn how to show good control and co-ordination in large and small movements. They will explore and find out how to move with confidence in a range of ways, safely negotiating space. They will be shown how to handle equipment and tools effectively, including pencils for writing.
	Health and self-care	Children will learn about the importance of physical exercise and a healthy diet. They will be given opportunities to talk about ways to keep healthy and safe. They will be shown and reminded how to manage their own basic hygiene and personal needs successfully, including dressing for physical activities and going to the toilet independently.

	PE	Autumn	Developing actions through striking and fielding activities, incorporating actions and techniques from football and hockey. Circle games. Developing an awareness of self and space. Dance – Let’s Move.
		Spring	Developing simple linked actions, co-operating with a partner, bouncing a ball, using a bat, good footwork, developing body control, ball skills and partner work. Gymnastics
		Summer	Striking and fielding games. Athletics – race preparation for EYFS Sports Day. Athletic activities of running, jumping and throwing; moving through, under, over and around obstacles. Teamwork and participation.
	Swimming	Autumn	Stroke development, water confidence, water entry.
		Spring	Underwater swimming, floating, jumping, stroke development.
		Summer	Stroke development, distance swims.

### Specific Areas

<b>Literacy</b>	Reading	Children will begin to read and understand simple sentences. They will use phonic knowledge to decode regular words and read them aloud accurately. They will learn how to read some common irregular words. They will demonstrate understanding when talking to others about what they have read.
	Writing	Children will learn how to use their phonic knowledge to write words in ways which match their spoken sounds. They will learn how to write some irregular common words and begin to write simple sentences which they and others can read – some words will be spelt correctly and others will be phonetically plausible.
	Phonics	The Letters and Sounds programme provides a daily phonics session. Children will learn to recognise the individual letter sounds using actions and songs, and will learn to blend sounds together to read words. Children will learn to segment words for spelling and writing.
<b>Mathematics</b>	Numbers	Children will be taught to count reliably with numbers from 0–20, place them in order and say which number is one more or one less than a given number. Using quantities and objects, they will be shown how to add and subtract two single-digit numbers and count on or back to find the answer. They will be encouraged to solve problems, including doubling, halving and sharing.
	Shape, Space and Measure	Through a wide range of practical activities, children will be taught to use every day language to talk about size, weight, capacity, position, distance, time and money; to compare quantities and objects; and to solve problems. They will be shown how to recognise, create and describe patterns. They will be encouraged to explore the characteristics of everyday objects and shapes and will be taught the mathematical language to describe them.



<b>Understanding the World</b>	People and Communities	Children will be encouraged to talk about past and present events in their own lives and in those of family members. They will learn that other children don't always enjoy the same things as them and that they should be sensitive to this. They will learn about similarities and differences between themselves and others, and among families, communities and traditions. We will explore different festivals and celebrations including each child's birthday.					
	The World	Children will learn through practical activities about similarities and differences in relation to places, objects, materials and living things. They will be encouraged to talk about the features of their own immediate environment and how environments might vary from one another. They will make observations of animals and plants, and will be able to explore and then explain why some things occur, and talk about changes. To enhance their learning they explore the school garden, wildlife area and courtyard classroom. Once a week the children attend EcoOL school sessions at a local woodland site. They engage in a range of activities to consolidate their understanding of the world, whilst developing their Effective Learning Skills.					
	MFL – French	<table border="1"> <tr> <td>Autumn</td> <td>           Key facts on France and its culture            Revision: greeting people, courtesies and simple instructions            Count up to 15            Ask for someone's age and say your age            Means of transport            Reinforce colours            Say how you go to school            The seasons &amp; some simple key phrases on the weather            Rooms in the house            Talk about what is in the garden (animals and vegetation)            Stories: <u>Maman</u> and <u>Mon Bus</u>            Christmas            New language for songs and nursery rhymes         </td> </tr> <tr> <td>Spring</td> <td>           Happy New Year and New Year celebrations            Numbers up to 15 (extension: numbers to 20)            A bit about myself (name and age)            Some words for food and drink            Days of the week            Some parts of the face and body            Some animals            Ask for something; ask where something is and respond            Some actions words. Use "I can" with action words            Story : <u>Le roi, sa femme et le petit prince</u>            Learn language for new songs and rhymes            Easter         </td> </tr> <tr> <td>Summer</td> <td>           Numbers 1-20            Likes and dislikes            Farm &amp; zoo animals/animal noises in French            Some adjectives of size (to describe animals)            Some places in town            Say what there is/ isn't in the zoo / town...            Ask for and giving simple directions to a place            Say if something is beautiful or ugly            Stories: <u>Cher zoo</u> (Dear zoo) and <u>Ours brun dis-moi</u> (Brown Bear, Brown Bear, What Do You See?)            Learn language for new songs and rhymes         </td> </tr> </table>	Autumn	Key facts on France and its culture Revision: greeting people, courtesies and simple instructions Count up to 15 Ask for someone's age and say your age Means of transport Reinforce colours Say how you go to school The seasons & some simple key phrases on the weather Rooms in the house Talk about what is in the garden (animals and vegetation) Stories: <u>Maman</u> and <u>Mon Bus</u> Christmas New language for songs and nursery rhymes	Spring	Happy New Year and New Year celebrations Numbers up to 15 (extension: numbers to 20) A bit about myself (name and age) Some words for food and drink Days of the week Some parts of the face and body Some animals Ask for something; ask where something is and respond Some actions words. Use "I can" with action words Story : <u>Le roi, sa femme et le petit prince</u> Learn language for new songs and rhymes Easter	Summer
Autumn	Key facts on France and its culture Revision: greeting people, courtesies and simple instructions Count up to 15 Ask for someone's age and say your age Means of transport Reinforce colours Say how you go to school The seasons & some simple key phrases on the weather Rooms in the house Talk about what is in the garden (animals and vegetation) Stories: <u>Maman</u> and <u>Mon Bus</u> Christmas New language for songs and nursery rhymes						
Spring	Happy New Year and New Year celebrations Numbers up to 15 (extension: numbers to 20) A bit about myself (name and age) Some words for food and drink Days of the week Some parts of the face and body Some animals Ask for something; ask where something is and respond Some actions words. Use "I can" with action words Story : <u>Le roi, sa femme et le petit prince</u> Learn language for new songs and rhymes Easter						
Summer	Numbers 1-20 Likes and dislikes Farm & zoo animals/animal noises in French Some adjectives of size (to describe animals) Some places in town Say what there is/ isn't in the zoo / town... Ask for and giving simple directions to a place Say if something is beautiful or ugly Stories: <u>Cher zoo</u> (Dear zoo) and <u>Ours brun dis-moi</u> (Brown Bear, Brown Bear, What Do You See?) Learn language for new songs and rhymes						

	Technology	Through exploration of various forms of technology in the classroom, the school and the world around them, children will learn that a range of technology is used in different places. They will be taught various skills throughout the year so that they will be able to select and use technology for particular purposes.	
	Computing	Autumn	Introduction to technology and computers in the classroom and Computer Suite. Basic mouse/keyboard skills. Using paint/publishing program. Focus on Digital Media: mobile devices. Sound and video.
		Spring	Introduction to websites. Impact of IT at home. Desktop publishing. Programming and control. Video technology.
		Summer	Programming and control. Graphical representation. Reinforcement and development of previous skills.
<b>Expressive Arts and Design</b>	Exploring and using media and materials	Children will sing songs, make music and dance, and experiment with ways of changing them. They will explore instrumental playing. They will safely explore a variety of materials, tools and techniques, experimenting with colour, design, texture, form and function.	
	Being imaginative	Children will use what they have learned about media and materials in original ways, thinking about uses and purposes. They will represent their own ideas, thoughts and feelings through design and technology, art, music, dance, role play and stories.	
	Music	Autumn	Let's Explore... Timbre Let's Explore...Pulse
		Spring	Let's Explore...High and Low Let's Explore...Fast and Slow
		Summer	Let's Explore...Loud and Quiet Let's Explore ...Texture and Structure

# Pre-Prep

**Y1**

**Y2**

E N G L I S H	Au	<p>Stories with familiar settings                      Recounts                      Stories about fantasy worlds                      Poems on a theme</p> <p><b>Grammar &amp; Punctuation:</b>                      Making and sequencing sentences;                      conjunction <i>and</i>; capital letters for names and                      personal pronoun <i>I</i>; capital letters and full stops</p>	<p>Stories with familiar settings                      Instructions                      Poetry – Really Looking                      News reports                      Recounts</p> <p><b>Grammar &amp; Punctuation:</b>                      Subordination and coordination using                      conjunctions; secure use of capital letters, full                      stops, question marks and exclamation marks</p>
	Sp	<p>Dictionary work                      Stories and poems from other cultures                      Instructions                      Recounts</p> <p><b>Grammar &amp; Punctuation:</b>                      Subordination and coordination using                      conjunctions <i>because, or, but, so</i></p>	<p>Traditional Tales                      Non-chronological reports                      Stories and poems from other cultures</p> <p><b>Grammar &amp; Punctuation:</b>                      Expanding noun phrases for description; present                      tense; commas in a list</p>
	Su	<p>Poetry – Using the Senses                      Traditional and fairy tales                      Poetry – Pattern and Rhyme                      Recounts</p> <p><b>Grammar &amp; Punctuation:</b>                      Question marks and exclamation marks</p>	<p>Extended stories by the same author                      Information texts                      Poetry – Silly Stuff</p> <p><b>Grammar &amp; Punctuation:</b>                      Sentences with different forms; correct choice of                      past and present tense; progressive verbs</p>
	<p>Spoken Language and Reading are on-going.                      Spelling to be taught through Letters and Sounds phases, and No Nonsense Spelling                      Grammar &amp; Punctuation on-going once introduced</p>		
M A T H E M A T I C S	Au	<p>Count, read and write numbers to 20 in numerals                      and words                      Read, write and interpret mathematical statements                      involving addition (+), subtraction (-) and equals (=)                      signs. Know that + and - are inverse operations.                      +/- to 10.                      Identify and represent numbers using concrete                      objects and pictorial representations including the                      number line                      To learn the appropriate positional language                      (ordinal numbers) for up to 10 positions                      Solve one-step problems that involve addition and                      subtraction, using concrete objects and pictorial                      representations, and missing number problems                      such as <math>7 = \square - 9</math>                      Place Value of tens and ones                      Describe position, directions and movements</p>	<p>Read and write numbers from 1 to 100 in words                      Partition numbers in different ways (e.g. <math>23 = 20 + 3</math> and  <math>23 = 10 + 13</math>) to support subtraction                      Numbers can be added and multiplied in any order                      (associative rule)                      Know that multiplying and dividing are inverse calculations                      Share/divide by 2, 5 and 10                      Place value of hundreds, tens and ones                      Recall and use addition and subtraction facts to 20                      fluently, and derive and use related facts up to 100                      Column addition and subtraction to two digits                      Calculate and write mathematical statements for                      multiplication and division                      To use appropriate language</p>

M A T H E M A T I C S	Sp	<p>Number Bonds within 40</p> <p>Recognise, describe and name common 2-D and 3-D shapes</p> <p>Measure and begin to record: lengths and heights</p> <p>Use comparative language +/- to 20</p> <p>To use and apply number bonds and visual representations to solve word problems</p> <p>To identify equal groupings as the first step in multiplying</p>	<p>To use all four operations to solve word problems</p> <p>To be able to read and interpret a picture graph with confidence</p> <p>Choose and use appropriate standard units to estimate and measure: length/height/mass /temperature</p> <p>Read relevant scales to the nearest numbered unit</p> <p>Use mathematical vocabulary to describe position, direction and movement to include programming robots using instructions given in right angles</p> <p>Revise names and properties of common 2-D and 3-D shapes</p> <p>Solve simple problems in a practical context involving addition and subtraction of money including giving change</p>
	Su	<p>Count on or back in twos or tens from any number up to and across 100</p> <p>Recognise and know money</p> <p>Count in 2s and 10s from zero and make connections</p> <p>Recognise and extend simple patterns</p> <p>Count, read and write numbers to 100 in numerals and 1-20 in words</p> <p>Solve one-step problems involving multiplication and division, by calculating the answer using concrete objects, pictorial representations and arrays</p> <p>Language of time and associated sequencing</p> <p>Recognise, find and name a half as one of two equal parts of an object, shape or quantity</p> <p>Recognise, find and name a half and quarter</p> <p>Tell the time to the hour, half past, and quarter past/to the hour</p> <p>Measure and begin to record: mass/weight; capacity and volume; time</p>	<p>Count in fractions up to 10, starting from any number and using the <math>\frac{1}{2}</math> and <math>\frac{2}{4}</math> equivalence on the number line</p> <p>To compare and order fractions with different denominators</p> <p>Write simple fractions e.g. <math>\frac{1}{2}</math> of 6 = 3 and recognise equivalence</p> <p>Choose and use appropriate standard units to estimate and measure: volume</p> <p>Recognise, find, name and write fractions <math>\frac{1}{3}</math>, <math>\frac{1}{4}</math>, <math>\frac{2}{4}</math> and <math>\frac{3}{4}</math> of a length, shape, set of objects or quantity</p> <p>Tell and write the time to five minutes (linking to the 5 times table)</p> <p>Understand and use the connection between the units of time: seconds, minutes, hours, days, weeks</p> <p>To understand &gt; and &lt; symbols and answer problems accurately</p>
	<p>Only new concepts are mentioned in the curriculum map. Clearly the learning of Mathematics is an iterative process and concepts will be reinforced at later points having first been introduced in the year group and term above.</p> <p>Mathematical vocabulary is introduced at age appropriate times and is consolidated and developed throughout the Key Stage.</p>		
S C I E N C E	Au	<p>Seasonal Change (ongoing)</p> <p>Animals, including Humans – human body/senses</p> <p>Light – sources of Light</p>	<p>Animals, including Humans – human growth, nutrition and exercise</p> <p>Electricity – the power of electricity</p>
	Sp	<p>Animals, including humans – types of animals</p> <p>Everyday Materials – identifying, comparing and describing</p>	<p>Uses of Everyday Materials – identify and compare materials</p> <p>Forces – forces and movement</p>

S C I E N C E	Su	Plants – identifying and classifying	Plants – germination, growth and survival  Living Things and their Habitats – plants and animals depend on each other
	<b>Working scientifically:</b> Scientific enquiry, method and skills are developed throughout the teaching of the Science curriculum. The knowledge and spelling of specific scientific vocabulary (at a level consistent with word reading and spelling knowledge) is introduced, consolidated and developed throughout the Key Stage. Reference to influential scientists is made throughout as appropriate.		
D & T	Au	<b>Cooking and Nutrition – Fruit and veg</b> Importance of healthy eating Combining ingredients Cleaning, peeling, cutting, slicing and grating	<b>Structures – Frameworks</b> Stability Support loads Identify an intended user
	Sp	<b>Mechanisms – Levers</b> Joining Materials Attaching a mechanism to a structure	<b>Textiles – Joining Techniques</b> Stitching & joining techniques Marking, cutting & Joining fabrics
	Su	<b>Structures – Buildings</b> Make structures stronger and more stable Explaining choice of materials Understand design features	<b>Mechanisms – Wheels and axles</b> Joining sheet and reclaimed materials. Types of moving Axels Types of wheels/tyres Making a Chassis
	<b>Cooking and Nutrition – throughout the year</b> A healthy diet Where does food come from?		
C O M P U T I N G	Au	<b>Using Technology</b> – assembling and formatting text Information around us (Sound)  <b>Programming and Control</b> – using basic apps and programs  <b>Creating and Publishing</b> – introduction to Desk Top Publishing	<b>Creating and Publishing</b> – creating pictures, looking at the work of artists such as Mondrian  <b>Using Technology</b> – Touch Typing (Introduction)  <b>Programming and Control</b> – understanding instructions and making things happen  <b>Software</b> - BeeBots
	Sp	<b>Programming and Control</b> – understanding instructions and making things happen (BeeBots/ Roamer)  <b>Using Data</b> – the information around us, representing information graphically  <b>Software</b> – Purple Mash	<b>Using Technology</b> – communicating information by text  <b>Creating and Publishing</b> – Desk Top Publishing/greeting card  <b>Programming and Control</b> – introduction to LOGO
	Su	<b>Creating and Publishing</b> – drawing and painting  <b>Using Technology</b> – using a camera  Programming and Control – understanding instructions and making things happen (BeeBots/Roamer)	<b>Using Data</b> – questions and answers – introduction to binary/graph work and database  <b>Programming and Control</b> – understanding instructions and making things happen  <b>Software</b> – Roamer, SCRATCH JR
e-Safety is taught throughout the year			

H I S T O R Y	Au	<b>Famous People : Brunel and Emily Davison</b> To research the life of Brunel; what was significant about his ships, railways and bridges? Who was Emily Davison? What were suffragettes and what did they stand for?	<b>Sevington School Fieldwork Study</b>
	Sp	<b>Change within living memory - Explorers</b> <b>Neil Armstrong and Scott of the Antarctic –</b> To compare the lives of significant individuals who have contributed to national and international achievements	<b>Famous people –</b> Lives of significant individuals who have contributed to national and international achievements  <b>Thomas Edison and Edward Jenner, Florence Nightingale, Mary Seacole and Edith Cavell –</b> To compare aspects of lives of individuals in different periods
	Su	<b>Castles –</b> changes beyond living memory  <b>William the Conqueror –</b> Lives of significant individuals who have contributed to national and international achievements	<b>Great Fire of London –</b> Events beyond living memory that are significant nationally  Characteristics of the Stuart era, the monarchs and the importance of London. Events leading to, during and after the Great Fire
	Whole School Victorians ‘mastery’ theme: Who were the Victorians and when did they live? What was life like for poor children in the 1840s? Who helped to improve the lives of Victorian children? What was it like going to school at the end of the nineteenth century?  Skills and concepts for History include: specialised vocabulary and terminology; historical research and enquiry; developing chronological awareness.		
G E O G R A P H Y	Au	What is the geography of where I live?	Why does it matter where my food comes from?
	Sp	How does the weather affect our lives?	How does the geography of Japan compare to the geography of where I live?
	Su	Why do we love being beside the sea so much?	Why don't penguins need to fly?
	Geographical enquiry, method and skills are developed throughout the teaching of the Geography curriculum. Physical, Human and Environmental aspects are taught both within the classroom, St Margaret's grounds and during fieldwork. Enquiry skills include: identification, location, description, observation, comparison and contrasting, reasoning, measuring, recording, presenting, understanding, explanation, concluding, judgement, application, evaluation, reflection, critique and hypothesis. A variety of appropriate field trips also occur throughout the two years.		

A R T & D E S I G N	Au	<p><b>Observational portraits</b></p> <p>Portrait Gallery Portraits by famous artists Self-portraits using pencil, charcoal, graphite and mirrors</p> <p>Investigate different mark-making techniques using pencil, graphite and charcoal</p> <p>Colour mixing</p> <p>Seasonal art</p>	<p><b>Experimenting with a viewfinder to record ideas using a variety of methods including photography and collage</b></p> <p>Exploring ways of making marks with charcoal, graphite and pencils. Sketching and observational drawing</p> <p>Photography and digital media painting – using ICT</p> <p>Extending an image using sketching techniques and a choice of media</p>
	Sp	<p><b>Investigating materials, looms and basic weaving techniques</b></p> <p>Make simple weavings using strips of paper</p> <p>Extend skills to create a 2D weaving using a variety of found materials</p>	<p><b>Exploring shape and pattern in the environment</b></p> <p>Printing with ‘found’ materials</p> <p>Investigate patterns and textiles from other cultures</p> <p>Experiment with tie dye and batik techniques</p>
	Su	<p><b>Exploring texture in sculpture and paint.</b></p> <p>Investigate sculpture forms Create a 3D sculpture in natural materials</p> <p>Investigate the use of texture in paint Look at how Van Gogh created texture in his paintings</p> <p>Painting on different surfaces such as shells and rocks</p>	<p><b>Exploring line, shape, colour and texture in natural forms</b></p> <p>Investigate Archimboldo’s work Explore natural objects to create pictures, collages and 3D displays Make rubbings and prints</p> <p>Explore unconventional looms and create 3D weavings using a variety of found materials</p>
M U S I C	Au	<p><b>Pitch and Pulse</b></p> <p>Listen to and talk about the tempo and pitch of music both live and recorded</p> <p>Learn about relationship between size and pitch in instruments</p> <p>Begin to move, sing and play within the pulse in dance and instrumental accompaniments</p> <p>Learn to sing with increasing control of pitch, pulse and rhythm</p>	<p><b>Pulse and Rhythm, Performance Skills</b></p> <p>Listen attentively to and play instruments, with increasing control of technique pulse and rhythm</p> <p>Introduce simple notes and rest durations in grid and staff notation</p> <p>Play and sing with increasing accuracy from graphic notations and by copying aural cues</p> <p>Develop singing and movement skills to enhance expressive performance</p>

M U S I C	Sp	<p><b>Long and Short, Timbre</b></p> <p>Listen with concentration and discuss the timbre and duration patterns of live and recorded music</p> <p>Explore and describe body percussion sounds and a range of instrumental sounds, playing musically and creatively</p> <p>Learn some names of key instruments</p> <p>Create, notate and perform patterns of long and short sounds</p>	<p><b>Pitch, Loud and Quiet</b></p> <p>Introduce staff notation for note pitch</p> <p>Play and sing from simple step and leap notation patterns and perform note recognition exercises</p> <p>Identify and control sudden and gradual changes of volume</p> <p>Learn about the history of the recorder; listen to/watch high quality live and recorded recorder music from baroque to contemporary times</p> <p>Begin Recorder Karate programme; learn to care for, hold, blow, finger and tongue the recorder</p>
	Su	<p><b>Loud and Quiet, Patterns (Structure)</b></p> <p>Play a range of instruments and sing expressively by controlling volume carefully</p> <p>Play and sing by copying, improvising and from simple notation</p> <p>Listen with concentration and understanding to a wider range of high-quality live and recorded music</p> <p>Select and combine patterns of sound in simple structures</p>	<p><b>Introduction to Recorder Technique Composition Soundscapes (Texture, Timbre, Structure)</b></p> <p>Continue Recorder Karate programme; learn to play B, A and G correctly by ear and from notation</p> <p>Create a group composition in ternary form incorporating a range of timbres and textures; notate it in a graphic score and perform it as an ensemble</p> <p>Sing solo and as an ensemble</p>
<p><b>Throughout the year:</b></p> <p>Use voices expressively and creatively by singing songs (in unison and two parts) and speaking charts and rhymes regularly.</p> <p>Play tuned and untuned instruments musically from simple notations.</p> <p>Listen with concentration and understanding to a range of high-quality live and recorded music.</p> <p>Experiment with, create, select and combine sounds using the inter-related dimensions of music.</p>			
P H Y S I C A L	Au	<p><u>Hockey:</u> dribbling, receiving and sending the ball.</p> <p><u>Football:</u> dribbling, receiving and passing the ball</p> <p><u>Dance:</u> music and movement, gesture and stillness, travel, jump, turn</p> <p><u>Swimming:</u> water safety, water entry, stroke development focusing on technique</p>	<p><u>Football:</u> dribbling, receiving and passing the ball, dodging</p> <p><u>Hockey:</u> dribbling, receiving and sending the ball</p> <p><u>Dance:</u> music and movement, expression, including mood, and composition</p> <p><u>Swimming:</u> stroke development in all 4 areas.</p>



E D U C A T I O N	Sp	<p><u>Rugby</u>: carrying, passing and receiving the ball</p> <p><u>Ball Skills</u>: rolling, throwing, receiving, catching and bouncing, as individuals and in small games</p> <p><u>Gym</u>: movement and directions. Use of small apparatus.</p> <p><u>Swimming</u>: water confidence, aquatic skills, stroke development, sculling</p>	<p><u>Rugby</u>: carrying, passing and receiving the ball</p> <p><u>Ball Skills</u>: bouncing, catching, receiving, sending and shooting with hands and a racket in pairs and playing small games</p> <p><u>Gym</u>: movement, balance, expression. Use of small apparatus</p> <p><u>Swimming</u>: aquatic skills, personal survival, sculling, stroke awareness</p>
	Su	<p><u>Starting games</u>: bowling, catching, aiming and fielding incorporating aspects of cricket, tennis, rounders</p> <p><u>Athletics</u>: running, jumping, throwing</p> <p><u>Swimming</u>: races, distances, stroke development</p>	<p><u>Starting games</u>: bowling, catching, aiming to space, fielding incorporating aspects of cricket, tennis, rounders</p> <p><u>Athletics</u>: running, jumping, throwing</p> <p><u>Swimming</u>: stroke development, distances and times</p>
P S H E E	Au	<p>School Rules/Class Charter</p> <p>Keeping clean and healthy.</p> <p>Growing and changing – physical similarities and differences</p>	<p>School Rules/Class Charter</p> <p>Healthy Eating</p> <p>Caring for friends and family</p> <p>Pocket money – spend or save?</p>
	Sp	<p>Special people</p> <p>Recognising feelings.</p> <p>Keeping safe – things/people/places/secrets</p>	<p>Growing and changing – developing a positive self-image.</p> <p>Road/fire/home/personal safety.</p>
	Su	<p>Relationships – listening to others</p> <p>Keeping safe – medicines</p> <p>What is money used for?</p>	<p>Dealing with feelings</p> <p>Drug awareness – substances in the home</p> <p>Awareness and Respect</p>
M F L	Au	<p><u>French</u>:</p> <p>Numbers up to 20</p> <p>Meeting new people, introductions and greetings</p> <p>Ask someone how he/she is feeling</p> <p>Say you are well/unwell</p> <p>Language for toys</p> <p>Autumn related vocabulary (autumn crops)</p> <p>Weather expressions in autumn</p> <p>'Please' and 'thank you'</p> <p>Some key expressions for actions</p> <p>Some words for classroom objects and equipment</p> <p>Ask where things are and respond</p> <p>Say what is /isn't in the classroom</p> <p>Ask for something</p> <p>Respond to simple classroom instructions</p> <p>Christmas and Christmas related vocabulary</p> <p>Learn language for new songs and rhymes</p>	<p><u>French</u>:</p> <p>Count from 1 to 30 and in tens to 60</p> <p>Revise meeting new people, introductions (name and age)</p> <p>Ask where people or animals live and respond</p> <p>Examples of habitat</p> <p>Learn some key phrases to buy clothes</p> <p>Say that something is too big, too small or that it fits properly</p> <p>Some farm animals</p> <p>Learn the words for 'farmer' and 'farmer's wife'</p> <p>Learn key expressions for 'I see', 'I hear', 'I smell'</p> <p>Ask if someone likes something and respond</p> <p>Ask someone to come and play</p> <p>Some rooms and parts of the house</p> <p>Story : <u>Les trois petits cochons</u> (The three little pigs)</p> <p>Learn language for new songs and rhymes</p>

M F L	Sp	<p><u>French:</u>  The New Year  Reinforce numbers up to 20  Some words for food and drinks  Vocabulary for meals  Say you are hungry  Say if you want more food  Say 'please', thank you', 'no, thank you'  Give some simple opinions on the food  Some key phrases on daily routine  Say some simple times (with o'clock)  Members of the family  Some words for garden crops  Story: <u>Le gros navet</u> (The gigantic turnip)  Easter and Easter related vocabulary  Learn language for new songs and rhymes</p>	<p><u>French:</u>  Count from 1 to 30 and in tens to 60  Revise and extend words for fruits and vegetables  Ask people for their opinion on fruits and vegetables  Express your opinions on fruits and vegetables  Understand a conversation at the market  Adapt and take part in a role-play at the market  Ask how much something is and know about the euro  Key words related to art  Reinforce colours  Some basic shapes  Say what you see using 'I see' and 'there is'  Reinforce likes and dislikes and justify opinions  Learn language for new songs and rhymes</p>
	Su	<p><u>French:</u>  Count up to 20  Members of the family  Some words for parts of the body  Ask what something is and respond  Some words for clothes  Understand and use words for 'little' and 'big'  Some words for musical instruments  Say whether you play an instrument or not  Express simple opinions  Ask where something is and respond  Some simple prepositions  Some rooms in the house  Story: <u>Le Petit Chaperon Rouge</u> (Little red riding hood)  Learn language for new songs and rhymes</p>	<p><u>French:</u>  Count up to 69  Some natural habitats  Ask where the frog is and respond  Some wild animals  Say 'I hear' and 'I see'  Reinforce members of the family  Reinforce 'big', 'small'  Say 'it is too... hot/salty/sweet/hard/soft/perfect'  Say some action verbs in the past 'someone tasted/touched/shouted'  Stories: <u>La grenouille à grande bouche</u> (The frog with the big mouth) and <u>Boucle d'or et les trois ours</u> (Goldilocks and the three bears)  Learn language for new songs and rhymes</p>
R E	Au	<p>Christianity: What do Christians believe about God? Special people – Jesus</p>	<p>Christianity: Special books – The Bible.  Special teachings – friendship/Christmas.</p>
	Sp	<p>Christianity: Special places – Church (comparison with Mosque &amp; Synagogue)  Special celebrations – Easter</p>	<p>Christianity: Leaders in the Bible  Belonging to a community: Hinduism, Sikhism and Buddhism</p>
	Su	<p>Islam: What do Muslims believe about God?  Christianity: Communication through prayer (link to Islam and Judaism)</p>	<p>Islam: Special places – The Mosque  Special people – Muhammad (pbuh)</p>

# Prep

## Y3

## Y4

E N G L I S H	Au	<p>Stories with familiar settings</p> <p>Poems based on observation and senses</p> <p>Report writing</p> <p>Shape poems and calligrams</p> <p>Instructions</p> <p><b>Grammar &amp; Punctuation:</b> expressing time and cause using conjunctions or prepositions; headings and subheadings for presentation; introduce inverted commas for speech</p>	<p>Stories with historical settings</p> <p>Stories set in imaginary worlds</p> <p>Newspaper recounts</p> <p>Poetry – Creating Images</p> <p><b>Grammar &amp; Punctuation:</b> difference between plurals and possessive – s; Standard English; determiners, possessive pronouns and adverbials.</p>
	Sp	<p>Parables and Fables</p> <p>Myths and Legends</p> <p>Dialogue and plays</p> <p>Performance poetry from different cultures</p> <p>Letters</p> <p><b>Grammar &amp; Punctuation:</b> introduction to paragraphs; expressing time and cause using adverbs; determiners with a vowel.</p>	<p>Stories from other cultures</p> <p>Plays</p> <p>Information texts</p> <p>Explanation texts</p> <p><b>Grammar &amp; Punctuation:</b> expanding noun phrases with adjectives; pronouns; secure use of inverted commas for speech; apostrophe for possession</p>
	Su	<p>Adventure and mystery stories</p> <p>Poems that play with language</p> <p>Dictionaries and encyclopaedias</p> <p>Stories by the same author</p> <p><b>Grammar &amp; Punctuation:</b> present perfect form of verbs; word families</p>	<p>Stories which raise dilemmas/issues</p> <p>Persuasive texts</p> <p>Poetry - exploring form</p> <p><b>Grammar &amp; Punctuation:</b> fronted adverbials with commas; paragraphs</p>
	<p>Spoken Language, Reading, and Comprehension are on-going.</p> <p>Spelling patterns appropriate to age and ability; to include prefixes, suffixes, word endings, plurals, contractions, homophones and high frequency words.</p> <p>Grammar &amp; Punctuation are on-going once introduced.</p>		
M A T H E M A T I C S	Au	<p>Place Value up to thousands</p> <p>Read and write numbers to at least 1000 in numerals and in words</p> <p>Order numbers to 1000 counting on or back in ones, tens or hundreds to include negative numbers</p> <p>Count from zero in multiples of 25 up to 1000</p> <p>Add and subtract numbers mentally, including; a three-digit number and ones, tens or thousands</p> <p>Formal columnar paper methods for +/- to 1000</p> <p>Multiply a three-digit number by a single digit number on paper</p> <p>Solve problems, including missing number problems, involving multiplication and division</p> <p>To multiply with regrouping</p> <p>To use long division to divide</p> <p>To solve word problems that involve multiplication and division</p> <p>To understand simple division of a 2-digit number by a 1-digit number</p>	<p>Place Value to 10, 000</p> <p>Formal paper methods for +/- to 10000 with up to three decimal places</p> <p>Round any number to the nearest 10, 100 or 1000 and decimals to the nearest whole number</p> <p>Multiply numbers up to four digits by a two-digit number on paper</p> <p>Identify multiples and factors including finding all the factor pairs of a number</p> <p>To solve problems involving multiplication and division</p> <p>To make number patterns</p> <p>To round numbers to the nearest 1000</p> <p>To +/- with and without renaming</p>

<p style="text-align: center;">M A T H E M A T I C S</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">Sp</p>	<p>Tell and write the time from an analogue clock using 12-hour and 24-hour clocks          To name amounts of money including coins above 100p          To add amounts of money together using different methods; to consolidate the addition of pounds and pence separately          To use multiple methods for subtracting amounts of money, including concrete materials and the column method          To solve word problems involving money using bar modelling as the key strategy          Measure, compare, add and subtract: lengths (m/cm/mm); mass (kg/g); volume/capacity (l/ml)          To convert between metres, centimetres and kilometres          Draw and measure straight lines in centimetres and millimetres</p>	<p>Divide numbers up to 4 digits by a one-digit number using the efficient written method of short division and interpret remainders appropriately for the context          To solve multiplication and division word problems (multi-step)          To multiply 3-digit numbers          Understand the relation between non-unit fractions and multiplication and division of quantities, with particular emphasis on tenths and hundredths          Order numbers with up to 3 decimal places          Recognise and describe linear number sequences, including those involving fractions and decimals, and find the term-to-term rule          Equivalent fractions, mixed numbers and improper fractions          Add and subtract fractions with the same denominator involving mixed numbers          Recognise and write fraction/decimal equivalents to quarters, tenths, hundredths and fifths          To draw and read bar and picture graphs          Construct and interpret simple line graphs, particularly showing change over time          Read, write and convert time between analogue and digital 12 and 24-hour clocks          To convert between minutes and seconds, minutes and hours          To compare and order decimal numbers          To record in tenths and hundredths          To round decimal numbers          Solve simple measure and money problems involving fractions and decimals</p>
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Su	<p>Identify horizontal, vertical, perpendicular and parallel lines in relation to other lines</p> <p>Identify lines of symmetry in 2D shapes presented in different orientations</p> <p>Measure the perimeter of simple 2D shapes</p> <p>To determine the perimeter of basic shapes; to use grid paper to measure the perimeter of a shape</p> <p>Recognise angles as a property of shape and associate angles with turning; introduce the terms acute and obtuse for angles greater or lesser than a right angle</p> <p>Interpret and present data using bar charts, pictograms and tables, including use of simple scales</p> <p>Create and interpret Venn and Carroll diagrams</p> <p>Place value of tenths, hundredths and thousandths and their decimal fraction representation</p> <p>Recognise and write decimal/fraction equivalents of any number of tenths or hundredths</p> <p>Recognise, find and write fractions of a discrete set of objects</p> <p>Recognise and use fractions as numbers</p> <p>Recognise and show, using diagrams, equivalent fractions</p> <p>Add and subtract fractions with the same denominator within one whole</p> <p>Compare and order unit fractions and fractions with the same denominators</p>	<p>Describe positions on a 2D grid as coordinates in the first quadrant</p> <p>Describe movements between positions as translations of a given unit to the left/right and up/down</p> <p>Plot specified points and draw sides to complete a given polygon</p> <p>Compare and classify geometric shapes, including naming all quadrilaterals and triangles, based on their numbers of pairs parallel lines, (right) angles, same length sides and lines of symmetry</p> <p>Recognise and use the eight main points of the compass</p> <p>Know angles are measured in degrees; estimate and measure them and draw a given angle, writing its size in degrees (°)</p> <p>Find perimeters and areas of rectangles</p> <p>Convert between metric units of measure including use of decimals</p> <p>To write Roman numerals to 100</p> <p>To record and compare amounts and estimate amounts of money</p> <p>To round to the nearest pound and solve money problems</p>
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Only new concepts are mentioned in the curriculum map. Clearly the learning of Mathematics is an iterative process and concepts will be reinforced at later points having first been introduced in the year group and term above. Mathematical vocabulary is introduced at age appropriate times and will be consolidated and developed throughout the Key Stage.

S C I E N C E	Au	Forces and Magnets – observing magnetic forces  Everyday Materials - thermal insulators/ keeping warm-	Living Things and their Habitats - keys and feeding relationships  Humans and other Animals – the heart, digestion and teeth
	Sp	Animals including Humans – nutrition, skeleton and muscles  Rocks and Soils	States of Matter – changing states and the Water Cycle
	Su	Plants – life processes, structure and function of a flowering plant  Light and Shadows	Electricity – series circuits  Sound - vibration, pitch and strength
	<p><b>Working scientifically:</b> Scientific enquiry, method and skills are developed throughout the teaching of the Science curriculum. The knowledge and spelling of specific scientific vocabulary (at a level consistent with word reading and spelling knowledge) is introduced, consolidated and developed throughout the Key Stage. Reference to influential scientists is made throughout as appropriate.</p>		
D & T	Au	<b><u>Mechanical control - pneumatics &amp; levers</u></b>  Controlling movement Joining materials Skills in working as part of a team	<b><u>Textiles - Fabric Containers</u></b>  Designing for different purposes and users Pattern templates Reinforce fabrics Fastenings & Decorative techniques
	Sp	<b><u>Structures - Packaging</u></b>  Strengthening sheet materials Graphic communication techniques	<b><u>Cooking and Nutrition</u></b>  Cleaning, peeling, cutting, slicing and grating Combining ingredients/effects of heating and cooling
	Su	<b><u>Cooking and Nutrition - combine ingredients for a purpose</u></b>  Food preparation techniques Combining flavours Healthy choices	<b><u>Electrical control - Simple electrical system</u></b>  Apply knowledge of circuits in a purposeful way Control using a switch Identify needs of the chosen user
	<p style="text-align: center;"><b>Cooking and nutrition – throughout the year</b> A healthy varied diet, Preparation and Cooking techniques, Seasonality</p>		
C O M P U T I N G	Au	<b>Using Data</b> – introduction to databases software: Junior Viewpoint  <b>Programming and Control</b> – introduction to SCRATCH  <b>Using Technology</b> - touch-typing ongoing throughout the year	<b>Using Data</b> – branching databases  <b>Programming and Control</b> – using basic apps and programs SCRATCH  <b>Using Technology</b> - touch-typing ongoing throughout the year

C O M P U T I N G	Sp	<b>Digital Media</b> – introduction to ‘Garage Band’ Exploration and familiarisation of tools Green Screen/iMovie	<b>Using Data</b> – collecting and presenting information: questionnaires and pie charts  <b>Programming and Control</b> – ‘SuperLogo’, Screen Turtle
	Su	<b>Using Technology</b> – E-mail  <b>Creating and Publishing</b> – developing images using repeating patterns	<b>Creating and Publishing</b> – multimedia presentation  <b>Digital Media</b> – Green Screen/iMovie
	Touch Typing and e-Safety taught throughout the Year		
H I S T O R Y	Au	<b>Pre-History – Early Britons and Celts</b> What evidence exists and how we quantify it How the Stone Age developed into the Iron Age with advances in tools  Avebury Fieldwork Study	<b>The Saxons and Vikings</b> The fall of the Roman Empire; the Saxons and the Scots; aspects of their daily life, clothing, religion and key British figures – Alfred the Great, Athelstan, Edward the Confessor
	Sp	<b>The Romans</b> How and why the Celtic Age came to an end The development of the Roman Empire – to include the army, roads, country life, living and religion	
	Su	<b>Local Historical Study – Calne</b> Cultural and historical links of the Harris Factory Key local historical figures and their legacy Calne Fieldwork Study	<b>Broader History – Ancient Greece</b> Life in Ancient Greece, its continuing legacy and historical significance. The distinctiveness of its civilisation and where it fits in the broader chronological framework
<p>Whole School Victorians ‘mastery’ theme: Year 3: Victorian life in our locality; how life changed in Victorian Britain; how children were used as workers in agriculture.</p> <p>Year 4: The Industrial Revolution; how children were used as workers in factories; famous Victorian inventors.</p> <p>Skills and concepts for History include: specialised vocabulary and terminology; historical research and enquiry; improving chronological awareness.</p>			

G E O G R A P H Y	Au	Why do some earthquakes cause more damage than others?	Beyond the Magic Kingdom – North America/Florida
	Sp	UK Region: Wales – Caerleon/Newport (link to History)	How can we live sustainably? Eco Schools Award audit
	Su	How and why is my local area changing?	Why are jungles so wet and deserts so dry?
	<p>Geographical enquiry, method and skills are developed throughout the teaching of the Geography curriculum.</p> <p>Physical, Human and Environmental aspects are taught at school and during fieldwork.</p> <p>Enquiry skills include: identification, location, description, observation, comparison and contrasting, reasoning, measuring, recording, presenting, understanding, explanation, concluding, judgement, application, evaluation, reflection, critique and hypothesis.</p> <p>Continent studies include: climate zones, biomes, vegetation belts, rivers, mountains, volcanoes, land use, economic activity, trade and natural resources.</p> <p>A variety of appropriate field trips also occur throughout the two years.</p>		
A R T & D E S I G N	Au	<b>Exploring colour and tone</b>  Wash techniques and blending paint Painting watercolours, and exploring how Turner used light Painting to music	<b>Texture in paint</b>  Look at the work of artists (Munch, Van Gogh etc.) who create ‘mood’ with texture Experiment with textured paints and mark-making materials to create a textured painting based on the work of the artists studied
	Sp	<b>Mosaics and collage</b>  Explore mosaic techniques in paper and other media Design and create a mosaic	<b>People in Motion</b>  Explore and draw body movements Convey movement in a piece of 3D work
	Su	<b>Sculpture</b>  Look at examples of local and national sculpture through history Plan and make a small scale sculpture	<b>Investigating pattern</b>  Experimenting with positive and negative repeating patterns Learn to cut stencils and stipple Block printing



M U S I C	Au	<p>Part-singing techniques</p> <p>Exploring ways of listening to music (BBC Ten Pieces)</p> <p>Composition - exploring and using the pentatonic scale (Chinese Dragon music)</p> <p>Improvise and notated recorder work (Recorder Karate)</p> <p>Rhythm games, movement and patterns</p> <p>Musical Theatre skills</p>	<p>Part-singing techniques</p> <p>Djembe drumming – history and skills</p> <p>Understanding scales and intervals</p> <p>Improvise and notated recorder work (Recorder Karate)</p> <p>Musical theatre skills – solo and ensemble</p>
	Sp	<p>Part-singing</p> <p>Music theatre skills – pantomime</p> <p>Body percussion – layers and ostinati</p> <p>Creating and notating a class arrangement</p> <p>Improvise and notated recorder work (Recorder Karate)</p>	<p>Part-singing</p> <p>Musical Theatre skills – solo and ensemble</p> <p>Percussion ensemble performance (patterns and structures)</p> <p>Improvise and notated recorder work (Recorder Karate)</p>
	Su	<p>Grade 1 Aural</p> <p>Music history and genres – telling a story through music (BBC Ten Pieces)</p> <p>Composing music for a purpose – radio jingles</p> <p>Playing and singing (solo and ensemble) musically from notation (Recorder Karate)</p>	<p>Grade 2 Aural</p> <p>Exploring programme music through history (BBC Ten Pieces)</p> <p>Musical signals</p> <p>Composing music for a purpose – raps with a message</p> <p>Playing and singing (solo and ensemble) musically from notation (Recorder Karate)</p>
<p><b>Continuous across the Prep Department:</b></p> <p>Learn to sing and play musically with increasing confidence and control.</p> <p>Develop an understanding of musical composition, organising and manipulating ideas within musical structures and reproducing sounds from aural memory.</p> <p>Learn to:</p> <p>Play and perform in solo and ensemble contexts, using their voices and playing musical instruments with increasing accuracy, fluency, control and expression.</p> <p>Improvise and compose music for a range of purposes using the inter-related dimensions of music.</p> <p>Listen with attention to detail and recall sounds with increasing aural memory.</p> <p>Use and understand the staff and other musical notations.</p> <p>Appreciate and understand a wide range of high quality, live and recorded music drawn from different traditions and from great composers and musicians.</p> <p>Develop an understanding of the history of music</p>			

P H Y S I C A L  E D U C A T I O N	Au	<p><u>Girls - Hockey</u>: travelling with ball, sending, receiving, shooting, small-sided games</p> <p><u>Boys - Rugby</u>: passing, carrying, dodge and tackle, one to one and small groups.</p> <p><u>All - Cross-Country</u></p> <p><u>Dance</u>: expression, body and spatial awareness</p> <p><u>Gym</u>: travelling using small apparatus</p> <p><u>Swimming</u>: development of all 4 strokes</p>	<p><u>Girls - Hockey</u>: travelling with ball, sending, receiving, shooting, intro to 7-aside games</p> <p><u>Boys - Rugby</u>: apply speed and direction to passing and dodging to create space, outwit opponents and attack and defend as a team</p> <p><u>All - Cross-Country</u></p> <p><u>Dance</u>: development of themes and use of music</p> <p><u>Gym</u>: use of apparatus using rotation</p> <p><u>Swimming</u>: development of all 4 strokes</p>
	Sp	<p><u>Girls - Netball</u>: receiving, sending the ball, footwork, simple techniques, small sided games</p> <p><u>Boys - Hockey</u>: travelling with ball, sending, receiving, shooting, small-sided games</p> <p><u>Health Related Fitness</u>: speed, stamina and jumping skills</p> <p><u>Swimming</u>: personal water safety, surface dives, underwater swim, collecting objects, sculling</p>	<p><u>Girls - Netball</u>: travelling, balance, passing and receiving the ball, dodging, teamwork</p> <p><u>Boys - Hockey</u>: travelling with ball, sending, receiving, shooting, intro to 7-aside games</p> <p><u>Health Related Fitness</u>: speed, stamina and jumping skills</p> <p><u>Swimming</u>: personal survival, surface dives, underwater swim, collecting objects, sculling</p>
	Su	<p><u>Rounders/Cricket</u>: catching, throwing, batting, bowling, aiming, fielding</p> <p><u>Athletics</u>: running 60m &amp; 200m, jumping, throwing</p> <p><u>Tennis</u>: forehand, backhand, volley service, small games</p> <p><u>Swimming</u>: diving, small races, timed swims, forward rolls</p>	<p><u>Rounders/Cricket</u>: catching, throwing, batting, bowling, aiming, fielding</p> <p><u>Athletics</u>: speed work - 60m, distance work - 200m, jumping, throwing</p> <p><u>Tennis</u>: serve, volley, forehand, backhand, small games</p> <p><u>Swimming</u>: diving, races, timed swims, tumble turns, competitions</p>
Matches with other schools take place throughout the year.			
P S H E E	Au	<p>Rules/Class Charter</p> <p>Friends &amp; family – positive relationships</p> <p>Awareness of other people’s feelings</p> <p>Drugs that help us – medicines at school and home</p>	<p>Rules/Class Charter</p> <p>Caring for the environment – vandalism (link to Science)</p> <p>Respecting different views and beliefs (link with RE)</p> <p>Money/budgeting</p>
	Sp	<p>Growing and changing – personality and responsibility</p> <p>Keeping safe from hazards – accidents, journeys, bullying</p> <p>Spending habits and awareness of Charity</p>	<p>Keeping healthy</p> <p>Relationships – friends and family</p> <p>Growing and changing – positive attitudes and self-image</p>

P S H E E	Su	Healthy lifestyle	Keeping safe – hazards
		Caring for the school environment	Drug awareness – persuasion and saying no
		Respecting others	Caring for others – empathy
Circle Time takes place throughout the year as appropriate.			
M O D E R N  F O R E I G N	Au	<u>French:</u> <i>Write to and exchange letters with link school in France throughout the year</i> Reinforce numbers up to 30 and tens to 60 Formal and informal greetings Reinforce some colours Examples of people Reinforce and extend parts of the body Give instructions: some action verbs Ask someone to describe himself/herself Describe yourself/others (hair and eyes) Some adjectives of size (tall, small) Food and drink at breakfast Understand conversation in a café Reinforce simple opinions on food and drink Vocabulary for dining utensils Learn language for new songs and rhymes	<u>French:</u> Reinforce days of the week, numbers up to 69 and 80-89 Ask where people live, and respond Say the name of the countries neighbouring France Learn some of France’s geographical features Some means of transport, use in questions and give simple opinions French alphabet Personal identity – details, responding to questions, role-play Pets Learn ‘avoir’ in the present tense Revise colours and adjectives of size Learn language for new songs and rhymes
		L A N G U A G E S	Sp

	Su	<p><u>French:</u>  Reinforce days of the week, numbers up to 69 and 80  Say 'poor' and 'rich'  Use some action verbs with 'I' in the present tense  Reinforce and extend vocabulary for food, fruit and vegetables  Understand and use 'J'ai faim' and 'J'ai soif'  Adapt and take part in role-play, shopping for food  Understand some key words and instructions in recipes  Stories: <i>Je veux des pâtes</i> and <i>Jacques le Gourmand</i>  Learn language for new songs and rhymes</p>	<p><u>French:</u>  Reinforce days of the week, numbers up to 69 and 80-89  Understand and use 'Quelle heure est-il?'  Tell the time  Name some school subjects – link to timetable, express opinions on likes etc using 'car' or 'parce que'  Know some tourist attractions in Paris and use in questions  Learn names for common places in a town  Understand and use 'Il y a ....', 'Il n'y a pas de/d' ....'  Ask for directions to a place  Learn language for new songs and rhymes</p>
R E	Au	<p>Encounter unit: Sikhism</p> <p>Christianity: Belonging to a Christian community, exploring Christian values</p>	<p>Christianity: Holy Books –The Bible</p> <p>Christmas</p>
	S	<p>Christianity: Holy Building – The Church</p> <p>Easter – forgiveness and sacrifice</p>	<p>Christianity: explored through parables</p>
	Su	<p>Christianity: Prayer</p>	<p>Judaism: Holy Books – The Torah</p>

## Y5

## Y6

E N G L I S H	Au	<p>Stories by significant children's authors</p> <p>Instructions</p> <p>Choral and Performance Poetry</p> <p><b>Grammar &amp; Punctuation:</b> Relative clauses; linking ideas across paragraphs using adverbials of time, place or number; layout devices for non-fiction; punctuation of bullet points</p>	<p>Biography/ Autobiography/Recount</p> <p>Play scripts</p> <p>Reading and Writing Narrative/Non-Fiction</p> <p><b>Grammar &amp; Punctuation:</b> Expanded noun phrases for precision, linking ideas across paragraphs using a wider range of cohesive devices; use of semi-colon, colon and dash to separate clauses</p>
	Sp	<p>Myths and Legends</p> <p>Explanations</p> <p>Encyclopaedia</p> <p><b>Grammar &amp; Punctuation:</b> Brackets, dashes or commas to indicate parenthesis; commas to avoid ambiguity or clarify meaning; colon</p>	<p>Historical fiction</p> <p>Explanations</p> <p>Poetry – The power of imagery</p> <p><b>Grammar &amp; Punctuation:</b> Understand the difference between informal speech and formal writing; passive voice; hyphens</p>
	Su	<p>Diaries/Recount</p> <p>Persuasion</p> <p>Stories from other cultures</p> <p>Classic/narrative poems</p> <p><b>Grammar &amp; Punctuation:</b> Modal verbs</p>	<p>Authors and Text &amp; Extending Narrative</p> <p>Argument</p> <p>Reports</p> <p>Haiku poetry</p> <p><b>Grammar &amp; Punctuation:</b> Difference between structures typical of speech and those appropriate for formal writing</p>
<p>Spoken Language, Reading, and Comprehension are on-going.</p> <p>Spelling patterns appropriate to age and ability; to include prefixes, suffixes, word endings, plurals, contractions, homophones and high frequency words.</p> <p>Grammar &amp; Punctuation are on-going once introduced.</p>			
M A T H E M A T I C S	Au	<p>To understand numbers to 1,000,000</p> <p>Multiplying and dividing by 10, 100 and 1000</p> <p>Multiplying and dividing up to 4 digit numbers</p> <p>To round numbers to the nearest 100, 1000, 10 000 and 100 000 using number lines</p> <p>To compare numbers to 1 000 000 from pictorial representations, using lists and number lines</p> <p>x and ÷ decimals to two places on paper</p> <p>+ and – decimals numbers</p> <p>Interpret negative numbers in context, count forwards and backwards with positive and negative numbers</p> <p>Know and use the vocabulary of prime numbers, prime factors and composite (non-prime) numbers</p> <p>Establish whether a number up to 100 is prime and recall prime numbers up to 19</p> <p>Recognise and use square and cube numbers, including their notation (<math>n^2</math>, <math>n^3</math>)</p> <p>Find the positive square root of a square number</p> <p>Use knowledge of the order of operations to carry out calculations involving the four operations (BODMAS)</p> <p>Interpret and construct pie charts</p> <p>To read the information presented in a table and interpret its meaning</p> <p>To read and interpret information presented on a line graph where the data is represented by more than one line</p> <p>To read and interpret information presented in a table and turn it into a line graph; to determine relationships between data sets</p>	<p>To create and identify numbers to 10 000 000; to write in numerals and words numbers to 10 000 000</p> <p>To compare, round and order numbers to 10 000 000; to create combinations of numbers using a fixed number of digits</p> <p>To multiply 3- and 4-digit numbers by 2-digit numbers without regrouping or renaming; to use both number bonds and the column method as key strategies</p> <p>To divide 3-digit numbers by 2-digit numbers using a variety of strategies; to use number bonds, long division and bar models to facilitate division by 2-digit numbers</p> <p>To find the largest common factor of 3-digit numbers; to use multiplication and division to find largest common factors</p> <p>To use prime numbers to create other numbers; to explore prime numbers above 100</p> <p>To simplify fractions using division and common factors; to represent fractions using concrete materials and pictorial representations</p> <p>To compare and order fractions by finding common denominators and factors</p> <p>Add and subtract fractions with different denominators and mixed numbers, using the concept of equivalent fractions</p> <p>To read and write decimals to thousandths; to use concrete materials to represent decimals</p> <p>To multiply decimals by whole numbers, including regrouping and renaming</p>

			<p>To divide decimals using bar models, number bonds and long division as key strategies, including regrouping and renaming</p> <p>Divide numbers up to 4 digits by a two-digit whole number using the efficient written method of long division</p> <p>Expand brackets / collect like terms inside brackets</p> <p>To convert units of measure into different units; to use knowledge of decimals and fractions to help convert units</p>
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<p style="text-align: center;">M A T H E M A T I C S</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">Sp</p>	<p>Understand that per cent relates to 'number of parts per hundred', know the % symbol, and write percentages as a fraction over 100 and as a decimal</p> <p>To divide whole numbers to create fractions; to create mixed numbers and improper fractions when dividing whole numbers</p> <p>To add together unlike fractions where the sum is greater than 1, creating mixed numbers or improper fractions</p> <p>To subtract fractions with different denominators; to subtract fractions from whole numbers</p> <p>To write improper fractions and mixed numbers using a number line and pictorial methods</p> <p>Solve problems using percentage and decimal equivalents of <math>\frac{1}{2}</math>, <math>\frac{1}{4}</math>, <math>\frac{1}{5}</math>, <math>\frac{2}{5}</math>, <math>\frac{4}{5}</math></p> <p>To compare quantities; to compare fractions, decimals and percentages; to convert fractions to decimals and percentages</p> <p>Find a percentage of a number by converting the percentage to a fraction</p> <p>Reduce a fraction to its simplest form</p> <p>Recall and use equivalences between simple fractions, decimals and percentages</p> <p>Know the angle sum of a straight line, a triangle and of angles at a point and use this to find missing angles</p> <p>Construct triangles a range of 2d shapes using protractors</p> <p>To know the names and qualities of acute, right, obtuse and reflex angles</p> <p>To measure angles using a protractor; to identify two angles which add up to 180 degrees on a straight line</p> <p>To investigate the angles of various quadrilaterals, including squares and rectangles</p> <p>To investigate regular polygons</p> <p>To add and subtract amounts in decimals</p> <p>To add and subtract decimals to find the smallest possible sum and difference</p> <p>To round decimals to the nearest whole number; to round numbers to nearest tenth</p>	<p>Consolidate understanding of ratio by constructing a scale drawing</p> <p>To use ratios and fractions to compare objects; to find the relationship between ratios, percentages and fractions</p> <p>To determine the ratio of a quantity using concrete materials; to simplify ratios using concrete materials in addition to division</p> <p>To compare more than two quantities using the term 'ratio'; to use bar models to express ratios where there is more than one quantity</p> <p>Multiply simple pairs of proper fractions, writing the answer in its simplest form (e.g. <math>\frac{1}{4} \times \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{8}</math>)</p> <p>Divide proper fractions by whole numbers (e.g. <math>\frac{1}{3} \div 2 = \frac{1}{6}</math>)</p> <p>Extend multiplication and division of fractions to any fractions</p> <p>To compare numbers using ratios; to make decisions about simplifying ratios using division</p> <p>To determine a pattern using concrete materials and pictorial representation; to use a table to identify a repeating pattern; to express the relationship between consecutive numbers in terms of a symbol or letter</p> <p>To use a table to identify a pattern; to write algebraic expressions using each of the four operations</p> <p>To use examples to identify rules; to write algebraic expressions using each of the four operations; to evaluate algebraic expressions including the use of inverse operations</p> <p>To use formulae to solve problems; to replace a letter/variable with a number then solve the equation; to use inverse operations to solve equations</p> <p>To use bar models to solve word problems involving the four operations</p> <p>To create and solve word problems that apply the bar model heuristic and working backwards as the main strategies</p> <p>To find the area and perimeter of rectangles; to calculate perimeter using the known area and vice versa</p> <p>To find and calculate the area of a parallelogram; to use concrete materials and prior understanding of area to construct a formula for the area</p> <p>To use prior knowledge of area to determine and solve the area of a triangle; to use and apply the formula for the area of a rectangle to solve problems involving triangles</p>
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Su	<p>Find the area and perimeter of composite shapes made up of rectangles          Calculate the area of a shape          To understand the volume of solids and find the volume of 3D shapes          To find the capacity of cuboids          Understand and use basic equivalences between metric and common imperial units          Calculate the volume of cuboids both by counting cubes and by use of a formula          Solve simple ratio and proportion problems          Describe positions on the full co-ordinate grid          Rotate a shape on a co-ordinate grid          Describe the order of rotational symmetry of a shape          Understand the term “congruent” in relation to shapes after translation, reflection or rotation          Use language associated with probability such as fair, certain or likely, and to be able to refer to data in explaining whether a die is fair or biased          Understand and use the probability scale from 0 to 1          Find the <math>n^{\text{th}}</math> term of a sequence          Solve simple algebraic equations          To write Roman numerals to 1000</p>	<p>Investigate the value of “pi” and use it to calculate the area and circumference of a circle using the radius and diameter          To draw quadrilaterals with specific side lengths and parallel lines; to find the perimeter of shapes and name trapeziums and parallelograms          Construct triangles using measurements and angles as the starting point; to use a protractor and compasses to draw triangles using angles.          To investigate opposite angles; to use prior knowledge of angles to solve problems involving angles          To determine the formula for the volume of cubes and cuboids and apply it to calculate the volume of shapes          To estimate the volume of objects and spaces; to calculate the volume of boxes using the formula for volume of cubes and cuboids          To solve word problems involving the volume of cubes and cuboids; to apply the formula for the volume of a cube or cuboid          To describe reflection using a mirror line and the terms ‘object’ and ‘image’          To reposition objects so they can be reflected in the x and y axis as the mirror line          To describe the movement of objects using the terms ‘translation’ and ‘reflection’          To read and interpret line graphs          Add, subtract, multiply and divide negative numbers          Plot the graphs of linear functions, where y is given explicitly in terms of x; recognise that equations of the form <math>y = mx + c</math> correspond to straight-line graphs</p>
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Only new concepts are mentioned in the curriculum map. Clearly the learning of Mathematics is an iterative process and concepts will be reinforced at later points having first been introduced in the year group and term above.  
 Mathematical vocabulary is introduced at age appropriate times and is consolidated and developed throughout the Key Stage.



S C I E N C E	Au	Properties of Materials – gases  Properties and changes of Materials – physical change, separating materials, chemical change  Animals including humans – keeping healthy, heart and circulation (linked to PSHEE)	Electricity – changing components in a circuit  Forces – gravity, air and water resistance, friction
	Sp	Forces – gravity, air and water resistance, friction  Soil and drainage rates  Living things and their habitat – studying a habitat over time: life cycles and classification, adaptation, variation	Animals including humans – micro-organisms – human life cycle, cells, genes and reproduction (linked to PSHEE). This is part of Evolution and Inheritance)  Acids and Alkalis – indicators
	Su	Living things and their habitat – studying a habitat over time: life cycles and classification, adaptation, variation  Earth and Space – seasonal change and moon phases	Earth and Space – The Solar System  Plants – Photosynthesis
	<p><b>Working scientifically:</b>  <b>Scientific</b> enquiry, method and skills are developed throughout the teaching of the Science curriculum.  Working and thinking scientifically is also supported by regular laboratory sessions.  The knowledge, pronunciation and spelling of specific scientific vocabulary (at a level consistent with word reading and spelling knowledge) is introduced, consolidated and developed throughout the Key Stage.  Reference to influential scientists is made throughout as appropriate.</p>		
D & T	Au	<b><u>Mechanical control – Pulleys</u></b>  Exploring pulley systems Supporting structures	<b><u>Electrical control – LEGO League</u></b>  Motors & sensors/Wheels and axels Control the speed and direction of movement with computer software
	Sp	<b><u>Cooking and Nutrition – Chef led workshops</u></b>  Functions and properties of ingredients Adapting a recipe	<b><u>Structures and mechanical control – Multi use structures/hydraulics</u></b>  Reinforcing/ strengthening using triangulation Tubes in a framework
	Su	<b><u>Mechanical control and structures – Cams</u></b>  Controlling movement with a cam Change rotary to linear motion Functional and aesthetic attributes	<b><u>Textiles – Sewing machine</u></b>  Design for the consumer Use of sewing machine Extension of fastenings/Dying a fabric
	<p style="text-align: center;"><b>Cooking and nutrition – throughout the year</b>  A healthy varied diet  Preparation and Cooking techniques  Seasonality</p>		

C O M P U T I N G	Au	<p><b>Digital Media</b> - digital photography/editing Multimedia presentation Software: Serif/'Apple', PowerPoint Green Screen/iMovie</p> <p><b>Using Data</b> – introduction to spreadsheets Software: Excel</p> <p><b>Using Technology</b> – touch-typing ongoing throughout the year</p>	<p><b>Programming and Control</b> - LEGO EV3 – Robots and Robotic Technology (Link with DT)/SCRATCH programming</p> <p><b>Creating and Publishing</b> – Multimedia Presentation</p> <p><b>Using Technology</b> – touch-typing ongoing throughout the year</p>
	Sp	<p><b>Programming and Control</b> – SCRATCH: designing and making games</p> <p><b>Using Data</b> – analysing data, asking questions/evaluating information, questioning , plausibility</p>	<p><b>Programming and Control</b> – coding , 'Swift Playground'</p> <p><b>Using Data</b> – spreadsheet modelling, database work</p>
	Su	<p><b>Creating and Publishing</b> – Graphical Modelling: Matisse Project Software: Paint program and Publisher</p> <p><b>Programming and Control</b> – Lego EV3 Software: Robots and Robotic Technology Introduction to PYTHON Programming</p>	<p><b>Digital Media</b> – Web, Green Screen/iMovie</p> <p><b>Programming and Control</b> – PYTHON programming, more advanced apps and programs</p>
	e-Safety taught throughout the Year		
H I S T O R Y	Au	<p><b>British History - The Tudors</b> A study of an aspect or theme in British History that extends pupils' chronological knowledge beyond 1066 Life in Tudor times and the development of British territories and wealth through exploration</p>	<p><b>WWII</b> Life in Britain before the war; why the war happened and how life was affected during WWII</p>
	Sp	<p><b>The Victorians</b> How children's lives were improved How education developed. Individuals of significance – Lord Shaftesbury and Dr Barnardo</p>	<p><b>British History - 1948 onwards</b> How life changed after WWII with particular focus on culture</p>
	Su	<p><b>Broader History – Ancient Egypt</b> An early civilization – Egyptian life, culture and society, the afterlife, hieroglyphics, Gods, Pharaohs and pyramids</p>	<p><b>Broader History – Mayan civilization</b> A non-European society that provides contrasts with British history To move away from applying existing cultural values in judging behaviour and beliefs</p>
	<p><b>Whole School Victorians 'mastery' theme</b> Year 5: changes in the British Empire and the role of the monarchy. Year 6: Democracy and Electoral reform; votes for all men and the beginning of recognition of women's rights, the values of Victorian Britain.</p> <p>Skills and concepts for History include: specialised vocabulary and terminology; historical research and enquiry as well as good chronological awareness.</p>		

G E O G R A P H Y	Au	How is climate change affecting the world?	Lego League and Why is Fair Trade fair?
	Sp	What is a river? Coasts	How do volcanoes affect the lives of people on Hiemaey?
	Su	Who are Britain's World Heritage Sites for? Coasts Fieldwork – Swanage	Why are mountains so important?
<p>Geographical enquiry, method and skills are developed throughout the teaching of the Geography curriculum.</p> <p>Physical, Human and Environmental aspects are taught both at school and during fieldwork.</p> <p>Enquiry skills include: identification, location, description, observation, comparison and contrasting, reasoning, measuring, recording, presenting, understanding, explanation, concluding, judgement, application, evaluation, reflection, critique and hypothesis.</p> <p>Continent studies include: climate zones, biomes, vegetation belts, rivers, mountains, volcanoes, land use, economic activity, trade and natural resources.</p> <p>At Years 5/6 the cause and consequence of change is also considered.</p> <p>A variety of appropriate field trips also occur throughout the two years.</p>			
A R T  & D E S I G N	Au	<p><b>Craft &amp; Design in different times and cultures</b></p> <p>Talking textiles or Take a Seat: use pattern, colour, texture and shape in an imaginative way to either design a chair for a particular historical character or occasion, <b>or</b> to explore how stories have been represented in hangings and tapestries by planning, designing and developing a collaborative hanging</p>	<p><b>What a Performance</b></p> <p>Headwear and costume worn in different times and cultures Design and make a piece of headwear for a character in a story, using a range of textiles and other materials</p>
	Sp	<p><b>Observational Drawing</b></p> <p>Objects &amp; Meaning: use still life techniques to paint a collection of natural and man-made objects, demonstrating awareness of tone, highlights, shadows and negative space</p>	<p><b>Gargoyles – 2 dimensional studies</b></p> <p>Research and explore purpose of gargoyles from a variety of periods Experiment with a range of media, including drawing, painting and printing</p>
	Su	<p><b>Landscapes and seascapes</b></p> <p>Explore pattern, texture, colour in the landscape using sketch and photographic references Create a collaborative or individual landscape composition, exploring colour and texture</p>	<p><b>Gargoyles – 3 dimensional clay and sculpture work</b></p> <p>Analyse the work of historical and contemporary artists and sculptors both sacred and secular Design, plan and make a 3D multimedia gargoyle</p>

M U S I C	Au	<p>Part singing</p> <p>Music for a purpose – group composition of a song exploring form and structure, word setting, texture and timbre</p> <p>Individual recorder improvisation skills and note reading – blues/jazz</p> <p>African drumming – individual call/response pattern, improvisation</p>	<p>Solo and ensemble singing and leadership skills</p> <p>Percussion ensemble skills and world music</p> <p>Individual Garage Band composition project using iPads/iMacs</p> <p>Recorder improvisation skills and note reading - Latin/jazz</p> <p>Compound time signatures, syncopation and accidentals</p>
	Sp	<p>Part-singing</p> <p>Recorder ensemble arrangement and performance</p> <p>Individual music history project (BBC Ten Pieces, Focus on Sound)</p> <p>Manipulating musical patterns and structures</p>	<p>Part-singing</p> <p>Group composition and arrangements</p> <p>Ensemble performance</p> <p>Music history overview and research (BBC Ten Pieces, Focus on Sound)</p> <p>Note reading skills (Focus on Sound)</p>
	Su	<p>Grade 3 Aural</p> <p>Synthesised sounds and sound sources</p> <p>Ensemble work – genres</p> <p>Musical theatre skills</p> <p>Playing and singing musically from notation (solo and ensemble)</p>	<p>Ensemble and solo musical theatre skills</p> <p>Review of music theory, genres and styles</p> <p>Sight reading skills, playing and singing from notation</p> <p>Independent performance skills</p>
	<p><b>Continuous across the Prep Department:</b></p> <p>Learn to sing and play musically with increasing confidence and control.</p> <p>Develop an understanding of musical composition, organising and manipulating ideas within musical structures and reproducing sounds from aural memory.</p> <p>Learn to:</p> <p>Play and perform in solo and ensemble contexts, using their voices and playing musical instruments with increasing accuracy, fluency, control and expression.</p> <p>Improvise and compose music for a range of purposes using the inter-related dimensions of music.</p> <p>Listen with attention to detail and recall sounds with increasing aural memory.</p> <p>Use and understand the staff and other musical notations.</p> <p>Appreciate and understand a wide range of high quality, live and recorded music drawn from different traditions and from great composers and musicians.</p> <p>Develop an understanding of the history of music.</p>		

P H Y S I C A L  E D U C A T I O N	Au	<p><u>Girls - Hockey</u>: travelling with ball, sending, receiving, shooting, tactical &amp; positional play, 7-aside games</p> <p><u>Boys - Rugby</u>: apply speed and direction to passing and dodging to create space, outwit opponents and attack and defend as a team</p> <p><u>All - Cross-Country</u></p> <p><u>Dance</u>: thematic work, expression, composition and performance</p> <p><u>Gym</u>: use of large apparatus, individual and small group sequence work using shape and balance</p> <p><u>Swimming</u>: development of all 4 strokes</p>	<p><u>Girls - Hockey</u>: travelling with ball, sending, receiving, shooting, 7-aside games, development of team play</p> <p><u>Boys - Rugby</u>: apply speed and direction to passing and dodging to create space, outwit opponents and attack and defend as a team</p> <p><u>All - Cross-Country</u></p> <p><u>Dance</u>: thematic work, expression, composition and performance</p> <p><u>Gym</u>: use of large apparatus, individual and small group sequence work using flight</p> <p><u>Swimming</u>: development of all 4 strokes</p>
	Sp	<p><u>Girls - Netball</u>: tactics, development of game</p> <p><u>Boys-Hockey</u>: travelling with ball, sending, receiving, shooting, intro to 7-aside games</p> <p><u>Health Related Fitness</u>: speed, stamina and jumping skills</p> <p><u>Swimming</u>: surface dive, linking tasks, personal survival, synchronised swimming</p>	<p><u>Girls - Netball</u>: tactics, development of game</p> <p><u>Boys - Hockey</u>: travelling with ball, sending, receiving, shooting, intro to 7-aside games</p> <p><u>Health Related Fitness</u>: speed, stamina and jumping skills</p> <p><u>Swimming</u>: aquatic skills, personal survival, synchronised swimming, water polo</p>
	Su	<p><u>Rounders/ Cricket</u>: tactics, development of game</p> <p><u>Athletics</u>: rounders ball throwing, long and high jump, speed work - 80m, distance work - 600m</p> <p><u>Tennis</u>: smash, placement of shots, games</p> <p><u>Swimming</u>: diving, tumble turns, timed and distance events, competitions</p>	<p><u>Rounders/ Cricket</u>: development of skills leading to full games</p> <p><u>Athletics</u>: timed and measured activities, long and high jump, 80m sprint, 200m &amp; 600m distance runs, foam javelin, rounders/cricket ball throwing</p> <p><u>Tennis</u>: placement of shots, full games - singles &amp; doubles</p> <p><u>Swimming</u>: competitions, starts and finishes, times and distances</p>
Matches with other schools take place throughout the year.			
P S H E E	Au	<p>Rules/Class Charter</p> <p>Respecting differences</p> <p>Growing and changing – responsibilities</p> <p>Drug awareness</p>	<p>Class Charter/Citizenship</p> <p>Positive attributes</p> <p>Personal safety</p>
	Sp	<p>Healthy lifestyle – valuing myself</p> <p>Positive approach to personal safety</p> <p>Feelings and influences</p>	<p>Feelings and influences</p> <p>Sex Education</p>

P S H E E	Su	<p>Money –saving/ budgeting</p> <p>Relationship networks</p>	<p>Preparation for senior school to include: media/peer pressure, conflict in relationships, keeping safe and finding help</p> <p>Economic well-being and being a responsible citizen</p>
	<p>Circle Time takes place throughout the year as appropriate. NSPCC/ChildLine workshops to support personal safety every other year.</p>		
M O D E R N  F O R E I G N  L A N G U A G E S	Au	<p><u>French:</u> Seasons Numbers up to 89 Reinforce colours and months Describe what you do/don't wear, at different times of the year, on different occasions Adjectival agreement Express some opinions Learn 'porter' in the present tense Reinforce and extend vocabulary for food and other shopping items Understand and use 'J'ai faim' and 'J'ai soif' Some examples of shops, ask for directions and respond Learn language for new songs, rhymes and role-play</p>	<p><u>French:</u> <i>Write and exchange letters with link school in France throughout the year</i> Reinforce number up to 100 Examples of jewellery and luggage Reinforce colours and clothing Understand and use 'J'ai perdue/oublié' Some examples of preposition Key phrases to ask for help Some members of the family, descriptions Understand and use 'Comment est-tu?', 'décris-toi' Learn 'être' in the present tense Use some intensifiers Express and justify opinions Learn language for new songs, rhymes and role-play</p> <p><u>Spanish:</u> Pronunciation and accent Number 1-31 Greetings and courtesies Gender/Plurals Days of the week, months of the year Dates, birthdays, time Pets, colours Christmas and famous festivals</p>
	Sp	<p><u>French:</u> Reinforce numbers up to 89 Examples of habitats, wild animals and vegetation Learn 'habiter' in the present tense Reinforce compass points and examples of weather Adjectival agreement Learn language for new songs, rhymes and role-play</p>	<p><u>French:</u> Reinforce number up to 100 and learn a few ordinal numbers Reinforce days of the week, colours and some adjectives of size and opinions Use some connectives Learn language for new songs, rhymes and role-play</p> <p><u>Spanish:</u> Numbers up to 31 and tens to 100 New Year celebrations Classroom objects and school subjects Expressing and justifying likes and dislikes Members of the family/descriptions Reinforce simple opinions Mother's Day &amp; Easter</p>

M O D E R N  F O R E I G N  L A N G U A G E S	Su	<u>French:</u> Numbers to 100 and practise high numbers Understand and use 'Quelle heure est-il?' Tell the time Ask and respond to questions about daily routines and hobbies Understand how to use the present tense of regular <i>_er</i> verbs Practise common irregular verbs ( <i>aller, faire</i> ) in the present tense Ask and respond to questions about health Reinforce vocabulary for parts of the body Learn language for new songs, rhymes and role-play	<u>French:</u> Reinforce numbers up to 100 and practise high numbers Reinforce and extend words for food and drink/sport and leisure activities Understand some instructions in recipes (verbs in the imperative) Mealtimes and key vocabulary for dining utensils/key phrases to use in a restaurant Understand and use 'Il n'y a pas de/d' .....' and 'Je n'ai pas de/d' .....' Express some opinions and justify them Learn language for new songs, rhymes and role-play  <u>Spanish:</u> Numbers up to 100 At the café, buying snacks and drinks Places in a town, asking for and giving basic directions Reinforce days of the week Sports and other hobbies Introduction to <i>_ar</i> regular verbs in the present tense Verbs <i>jugar</i> and <i>hacer</i> in the present tense
R E	Au   S   Su	<b>Christianity:</b> Special teachings – who was Jesus? What do the Gospel stories tell us about the life of Jesus?  <b>Founder:</b> Christmas.  <b>Islam:</b> Muhammad (pbuh) and the Qur'an  <b>Encounter unit:</b> Hinduism	<b>Encounter unit:</b> Buddhism  <b>Comparative and contrasting concept:</b> Pilgrimage  Commitment within a community  <b>Christianity:</b> Ultimate questions – why do some people believe in God?